

Compiled by Think College National Coordinating Center

Legislation Summary Status & Funding	
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The state legislation in the following table reflects **all legislation that was introduced** for inclusive postsecondary education (IPSE) from 2015-2023. Legislation on the chart is categorized in one of four ways:

Legislation Status

Did not pass – This legislation did not go into effect. A note is provided about the last active status of the bill.

Passed – This legislation was passed, and any associated funding is categorized in one of three ways:

Program Funding: Refers to funding that can be used for program purposes (ex: establish new program, expand programs) **Student Funding**: Refers to new state funding that is intended for students with intellectual disability (ID) to use to help offset the cost of college (ex: scholarships, grants)

Expands Access to Funding: Refers to legislation that opened access for students with ID to use funds already available to other college students in the state; no direct appropriations or new money was approved as part of the legislation.

A separate chart with only passed and funded legislation, is available on the Think College website.

<u>Glossary</u>

CTP: Comprehensive Transition Program **IPSE**: Inclusive Postsecondary Education

HB: House Bill **PSE:** Postsecondary Education

IDD: Intellectual and developmental disabilities **SB:** Senate Bill

IHE: Institution of Higher Education **TPSID:** Transition and Postsecondary Programs for Students with intellectual dis.

Alabama		
Alabama HB 554: Colleges, state four-	Establishes that an Alabama student in an approved comprehensive	Passed
year, veterans, children of deceased and	transition program (CTP) with a parent who is a veteran with a disability (or	Enacted: May 17, 2021
disabled veterans, comprehensive	deceased from combat) will receive equal state educational benefits to	Funding – Expands Access
transition and postsecondary programs	students who have similar parentage but are enrolled in traditional 4-year	Expands access for students
for children of disabled veterans with	college and university degree programs.	with ID to use existing state
intellectual disabilities, tuition		disabled veteran benefits
reimbursement provided for		



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Arkansas		
Arkansas SB 58: An act for the Department	Provides for the Governor's Higher Education Transition Scholarship	Passed
of Education – Division of Higher Education	Program to assist students accepted into transitional programs for	March 7, 2022
Appropriation for the 2022-2023 Fiscal Year	students with intellectual and/or developmental disabilities at state	
	institutions of higher education. The provisions of this section shall be in	Funding – Student
	effect only from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023.	\$2,000,000 for FY 2022-23 only
Arkansas SB 457: To expand eligibility for	Expands eligibility for the Arkansas Academic Challenge Scholarship to	Did not pass
the Arkansas Academic Challenge	include Arkansas students enrolled in comprehensive transition	Referred to Committee:
Scholarship Program – Part 2 to include a	programs (CTPs) with the state.	March 2, 2021
student who is accepted into an approved		
comprehensive transition and	The scholarship amounts that CTP students could receive vary according	
postsecondary program	to the length of their program. Students in a 2-year CTP could receive up	
	to \$1,000 per year, whereas students in a 4-year CTP could receive	
	\$1,000 for Year 1, \$4,000 in Years 2 and 3, and \$5,000 in Year 4.	
	California	
California AB 447: Inclusive College	This bill would expand the existing inclusive college programs in	In committee
<u>Programs</u>	California by requiring the California State University, and requesting the	Appropriations Suspense File
	University of California, to establish and maintain inclusive college	
This bill was originally introduced in 2022	programs for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities at	As of finalization of this chart
as AB2920; it was held under suspension.	4-year public postsecondary educational institutions. Existing law already	in August 2023 this bill was
	provides for the definition and functions of these programs in California	not passed.
	– such as person-centered planning, and inclusive environments,	
	supports and services. The bill would not provide the appropriations to	
	pay for the programs.	



Legislation Summary Status & Funding

Colorado		
Colorado HB 1107: Concerning measures related to creating higher education opportunities for persons with intellectual and developmental disabilities	This creates the Colorado Inclusive Higher Education Grant Program to provide grants to state institutions to establish or expand existing IHE programs for students with IDD. Programs must provide meaningful certificates, have inclusive curricula, housing, extracurricular activities, advising, and coursework on independent living, career readiness, selfcare, socialization, lifestyle choices, and financial literacy, with a focus toward competitive integrated employment.	Passed Signed: May 26, 2022 Funding – Program Development \$450,000/year appropriation from the general fund for FY 22-23 through FY 26-27
	This also creates the Colorado Inclusive Higher Education Opportunities Cash Fund, a part of the state treasury that will store funding to be disbursed to grantee institutions. The legislature will allocate \$450,000 to the fund annually from FY 2022-23 through FY 2026-27.	
Colorado SB 196: Inclusive Higher Education Act	Creates a pilot program at University of Northern Colorado, University of Colorado at Colorado Springs, and Arapahoe Community College.	Passed Signed: June 6, 2016
	The program is supported through a collaboration between the Department of Higher Education, JFK Partners and the Colorado Initiative for Inclusive Higher Education.	Funding – Program Development Line Item, \$250,000/year for FY 2016-17 through FY 2020-
	Program site institutions must collaborate with Colorado Dept. of Labor and Employment to identify VR supports and opportunities.	21



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding	
Delaware HB 326: An Act to amend title 14 of the Delaware Code relating to the Delaware Advance Scholarship Program	Created the Delaware Advance Scholarship Program, which provides grants for Delaware students with intellectual disabilities who are seeking a degree or comprehensive certificate at a CTP at a Delaware public higher education institution. Scholarship recipients must be high school graduates with either a diploma or certificate of completion. They must begin attending classes at the institution where they use the scholarship no later than two years after finishing high school unless they lived in foster care between ages 16 and 18 or developed an intellectual disability between 18 and 21. Recipients must also be under 25 and have been eligible for IDEA supports previously. They do not need to have received supports under IDEA to qualify for the scholarship.	Passed June 13, 2018 Funding – Student Line item, \$40,000 in FY 2019 as part of SB237 (Appropriations for Grants-in-Aid)	
	Florida		
Florida SB 2500: Appropriations Increase to CTP Scholarship Award Amounts	This appropriations bill increased the scholarship amount for eligible students from a maximum of \$7,000 to \$15,000. Student eligibility is detailed in section 1004.6485(7) of Florida Statues. Eligibility requirements include eligibility requirements for a student attending a CTP in general, and must demonstrate satisfactory academic progress in the FPCTP, as determined by the eligible institution that the student attends.	Passed Signed: June 16, 2023 Funding – Student General Revenue Fund: \$8,984,565	



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Florida SB 672: Florida Postsecondary	Created a \$7,000 Comprehensive Transition Program (CTP) Scholarship at	Passed
Comprehensive Transition Act	individual public higher education institutions in Florida.	Signed: January 21, 2016
	Created the Florida Center for Students with Unique Abilities, which will review reports from FPCTPs and determine creation of new ones with NCC input.	Funding – Student & Program Development Line Item: \$95,336,000
	Georgia	
Georgia SB 246: Establishing State	This bill encompasses the requirements and procedures of a 5-year pilot	Passed
Scholarships for IPSE Students	of a state-funded scholarship for IPSE students. In the fiscal budget year	Signed: April 27, 2023
	2024, \$955,830 has been allocated to fund these grants for the first year.	
Original bill:	The funds will cover tuition, and may cover fees, for IPSE students.	Funding – Student
Georgia HB 185: HOPE Inclusive	Requirements for eligibility of both the IPSE student and the programs	Student Finance Comission's
Postsecondary Education Grants	are detailed in the bill. Originally presented to be included in the HOPE	Student Finance Comission's budget through Georgia
	Grant, the legislation passed as a separate grant.	Lottery: \$955,830 for FY24
Georgia HB 793: FY 2021 Appropriations	This legislation appropriates \$500,000 in funding for inclusive PSE for	Passed
	students with IDD in the FY 2021 Georgia state budget.	Signed: June 30, 2020
	This continues an annual source of funding set up in 2019, when the	Funding – Program
	legislature reallocated \$500,000 from the Georgia Vocational	Development
	Rehabilitation Agency to the Georgia DD Council. This specific funding	
	has been kept at the same level consistently since then.	State Annual Budget: \$500,000



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
	lowa	
lowa HF 2495: An Act establishing the comprehensive transition and postsecondary program scholarship program.	This directs the college student aid commission to develop and administer a scholarship program for individuals with intellectual, developmental, or learning disabilities who are at least 18 and are, enrolled in an Iowa CTP approved by U.S. DoE. Priority will be given to Iowa students, but not awarded exclusively. The CTP scholarship fund will be established in the state treasury, administered by the college student aid commission, and will consist of appropriations from the state legislature. The commission must adopt rules to administer the scholarship program too.	Did not pass Passage recommended by House Education Subcommittee: March 15, 2022. Placed on calendar under unfinished business on March 24, 2022.
	Kentucky	
Kentucky HB 1: State Agency Appropriations An act relating to appropriations and revenue measures providing funding and establishing conditions for the operations, maintenance, support, and functioning of the government of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its various officers, cabinets, departments, boards, commissions, institutions, subdivisions, agencies, and other state-supported activities. Kentucky HB 192: State Agency Appropriations	This is the appropriations bill for funding Kentucky state agencies. The bill provides, under the appropriations for University of Kentucky, "\$500,000 in each fiscal year for the Human Development Institute (HDI) for the Supported Higher Education Project". This funds the Kentucky Supported Higher Education Partnership, which works to increase higher education options, access and success for Kentucky students with intellectual and developmental disabilities.	Passed HB 1 – April 2022 HB 192 - March 2021 Funding – Program Development State Annual Budget: \$500,000 Awarded in 2021 & 2022.



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Kentucky SB 94: An Act relating to eligibility	The Work Ready Kentucky Scholarship was established to help	Passed
for the Work Ready Kentucky Scholarship	Kentuckians who have not yet earned an associate's degree afford an	Signed: March 29, 2022
<u>Program</u>	industry-recognized certificate or diploma, and this bill opens the	
	scholarship program to Kentucky students in CTPs as well. Students with	Funding – Expands Access
	ID who apply for a Work Ready Kentucky must be at a CTP that provides	Expands access for students
	them with affordable access to meaningful credentials to prepare for	with ID to use existing
	competitive integrated employment.	scholarship funds
Kentucky HB 158: An Act relating to	This authorized an increase in the amount of Kentucky Educational	Passed
postsecondary financial aid for students	Excellence Scholarships (KEES) for students with IDD who enroll in a CTP	Signed: April 26, 2016
with disabilities	in Kentucky. Such students are eligible for a \$500 KEES if they are enrolled in at least six credit hours in a term or \$250 if they are enrolled in less than six credit hours.	Funding – Expands Access Expands access for students with ID to use existing scholarship funds
	Louisiana	
Louisiana SB 192: Louisiana Postsecondary	This bill establishes the Louisiana Postsecondary Inclusive Education	Passed
Inclusive Education Fund Act	Fund, which will fund the creation of federally approved CTPs at all of Louisiana's public postsecondary education institutions. It also creates	Signed: June 18, 2022
	the Postsecondary Inclusive Education Advisory Council, which will	Funding – Program
	develop the application process for Louisiana public postsecondary	Development
	education institutions when they seek money from the Fund and will also	Established a special fund in
	advise the Louisiana Board of Regents on IPSE, including how to fund	the state treasury
	additional programs, engage students and families, and circulate	
	technical assistance. The Council will work with the Board to write a	
	report on these programs' impact and student outcomes for	
	policymakers in the Louisiana state legislature.	



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Maryland		
Maryland SB 182: Supplemental Supports and Services for Students with Disabilities Grant Program	This bill requires the Governor of Maryland to include funding in the annual state budget for a new competitive grant program that will fund supplemental services and supports for students with disabilities at Maryland community colleges. The funding amount in the budget would be at least \$2,500,000 each year and the grant program would be administered by the Maryland Higher Education Commission.	Did not pass Expired 2019
Maryland SB 872: James W. Hubbard Inclusive Higher Education Grant Program	This established a new program to award competitive grants to institutions that create and implement inclusive pilot programs for students with IDD. Recipient institutions need to develop a program that promotes inclusion within all aspects of student life and ensure that students have inclusive academic access, instruction, career development, campus engagement, self-determination, paid work experience, campus living and social activities.	Passed Signed: May 25, 2017 Funding – Program Development \$250,000/year FY 2019, 2020, 2021 provided for in the annual state budget.
	Massachusetts	
Massachusetts FY 2023 State Budget	Includes provisions that remove barriers precluding persons with ID and autism from participating in state colleges and universities. These provisions ensure state colleges and universities establish guidelines governing selection of individuals with ID and autism as well as course selection. Includes at least \$1.5 million for the new MAICEI Trust Fund to cover planning, implementation, coordination, staffing, and administrative costs to support students in college with services they need to be successful.	Passed July, 2022 Funding – Program Funding \$4 million line item for the Massachusetts Inclusive Concurrent Enrollment Initiatives (MAICEI)



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Massachusetts H 4695: An act creating higher education opportunities for students with intellectual disabilities, autism, and other developmental disabilities	This legislation removes several obstacles to enrollment in IPSE and expands opportunities throughout Massachusetts. Massachusetts students with IDD would no longer have to do the following to take part in inclusive undergraduate courses: take a standardized college entrance aptitude test, meet minimum GPA requirements, obtain a passing score on statewide assessment tests, have a high school diploma or equivalent. The bill also directs all public higher education institutions in Massachusetts to enable access to inclusive undergraduate courses and to work with Massachusetts higher education authorities and state agencies to create guidelines for developing inclusive courses and including students with disabilities. This legislation would effectively expand inclusive undergraduate courses to all 29 of Massachusetts' public higher education institutions.	Did not pass Introduced, but not passed, in 2018, 2019, and 2021
Massachusetts Inclusive Concurrent Enrollment Initiative (MAICEI)	MAICEI offers grants to college-school partnerships to support eligible public high school students with intellectual disabilities, ages 18–22, to increase their academic and career success by being included in a college or university community of learners.	Passed Established 2007 Funding – Program Development MAICEI has been funded since 2007 as a line-item in the annual state budget.



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
	Michigan	
Michigan SB 842: Michigan Achievement	This bill creates a new scholarship program for high school graduates or	Passed
Scholarship	those who achieve the high school equivalency certificate and qualify	Signed: October 13, 2022
	under FAFSA. Scholarship applicants must be Michigan residents for at	
	least one year, be a full-time student, and maintain satisfactory academic	Funding – Expands Access
	progress. For community colleges and tribal colleges, the maximum grant	Allows students with ID to
	award would be \$2,750 per year, for public universities the awards	access newly created
	would be a maximum of \$5,500 per year; and for private not-for-profit	scholarship open to students
	universities the maximum award would be \$4,000 per year. The	with and without disability
	scholarship includes students attending CTPs. This legislation is listed	
	here as an example of how students with intellectual disability can be	
	included as new state scholarships are created.	
	Minnesota	
Minnesota HF 2073: Minnesota Inclusive	Established the Inclusive Higher Education Technical Assistance Center,	Passed
<u>Higher Education Act</u>	as well as grant establishments for program development. The center	Signed: May 24, 2023
	will increase access to self-sustaining postsecondary education options	
Bill was originally introduced in 2022 as HF	across Minnesota for students with ID to earn meaningful credentials	Program Funding –
4210, but not passed that year.	through degree, certificate, and nondegree initiatives leading to	\$1,000,000/year FY24 and
	competitive integrated employment, community membership, and	FY25 from the Minnesota
	independent living. The Center will be responsible for offering technical	general fund
	assistance to all Minnesota institutions of higher education planning or	
	offering an IPSE initiative. Through collaboration of commissioner of	
	Higher Education and director of the Inclusive Higher Education Technical	
	Assistance Center, a grant program will be established that will assist in	
	the creation of new or enhancement of existing programs to increase	
	enrollment of students with ID.	



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Minnesota SF 3243: Students with intellectual and developmental disabilities grants expansion to institutions in states sharing a geographic border with Minnesota. Companion Bill: Minnesota HF3401	This bill expands grants for students with IDD enrolled in CTPs to include postsecondary institutions in states that share a geographic border with Minnesota. This means that students with IDD can use Minnesota's public financial aid grants to attend a CTP in North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa and Wisconsin. The institutions where these grants can be used must have a participation agreement with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education.	Did not pass Hearing in Senate: February 27, 2020
	No more than 25% of grants set aside each year to students with IDD will be given to students who opt to attend an out-of-state CTP. The Minnesota state government has the power to cut financial awards given to students with IDD at out-of-state CTPs so that they can reallocate the funds to in-state CTP students. The commissioner of the state Office of Higher Education will submit an annual report about these awards to the legislature every year by February 15.	
Minnesota 2019: Omnibus Higher Education Finance and Policy Bill	Grants for Students with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (ID Grant) provides financial assistance for postsecondary students with intellectual and developmental disabilities to pay for tuition and fees of Comprehensive Transition & Postsecondary (CTP) programs at eligible Minnesota postsecondary institutions. Per statute requirements, the Office of Higher Education submits a report annually to legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education finance and policy.	Passed Established by the 2017 Minnesota Legislature (Minnesota Statutes 136A.1215) Funding – Student Ongoing appropriation of \$200,000/year in state budget



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Minnesota HF 1990: A bill requiring a program for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities at certain state universities.	This bill requires that at least two Minnesota state colleges and universities offer an inclusive academic program for students with IDD. The programs must offer an inclusive, two-year, full time residential experience to students with IDD and enable them to engage fully in campus life. The curricula should include life skills, financial literacy, independent living, and rigorous coursework in an area of study chosen by the student. Internships and apprenticeships must also be offered. The Board of Trustees of Minnesota State Colleges and Universities must select the specific institutions. Those chosen must admit at least 15 students with IDD to the new program year.	Did not pass Referred by Chair to House as Higher Education Finance and Policy Division: March 4, 2019
Minnesota SF 2257: Requiring the Office of Higher Education to Inform Students of Postsecondary Education Options for those with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities	The Minnesota Office of Higher Education will make available to all residents information about planning and preparing for postsecondary opportunities, beginning in 7 th grade through adulthood. This includes but is not limited to postsecondary education options for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities. All Minnesota students and parents will receive broader information from the Office about planning for PSE early, appropriate courses to take in high school, how to evaluate PSE programs before applying to or enrolling in them, how to transfer credits across institutions, and financial assistance options in the state. The bill also appropriates \$100,000 to create a one-time grant to Minnesota Life College, a three-year life skills training PSE program for youth with ASD and "other learning differences".	Did not pass Expired - last referred to Senate Committee on Higher Education Policy and Finance in March 2019 A bill with identical language, HF 4464, was introduced in April 2018, but it did not pass.



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Minnesota HF2896: A bill for an act relating	Establishes a new two-year pilot academic program for students with	Did not pass
to higher education; requiring	IDD. The program will be located at four state universities and will admit	Referred to Committee:
implementation of a pilot program for students with intellectual and	at least ten new students ever year.	March 10, 2016
developmental disabilities at certain state	The program will provide mentoring supports and	
universities.	internship/apprenticeship opportunities to students and will aim to	
	promote independent living.	
	The Board of Trustees of Minnesota State Colleges and Universities will	
	design the program and report regularly to the legislature.	
	Now Jorgan	
	New Jersey	
Now Jorsey CB 40E2: Establishes pilot	This bill establishes a pilot program for special education students to	Did not pass
New Jersey SB 4052: Establishes pilot	attend college courses or vocational training programs at county college,	Referred to Senate Budget
program in DOE for special education	vocational schools and local IHEs in NJ. The program would be	and Appropriations
students to attend college courses or	administered by local school districts that would submit a proposal to the	Committee following
vocational training programs	New Jersey Education Commissioner to set up a partnership with a	reporting from Senate
	nearby postsecondary institution. They would be responsible for all	Education Committee:
	management and must cover students' tuition. The program's pilot	November 14, 2019
	phase would last 4 years in 15 school districts before its future status is	
	determined.	



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
	New York	
New York A2341: Act that amends NY education law, allowing for students in postsecondary education experience or transition program to receive awards from the tuition assistance program act	This Act amends the education law Section 602 to allow students in PSE programs eligibility for awards from tuition assistance programs. The amendment to the education law will include a new subdivision that identifies students with intellectual and developmental disabilities as eligible for this award and defines an approved postsecondary program as one that meets the standards and is approved as a CTP.	Did not Pass Referred to Higher Education Committee: January 28, 2023
New York S5071: Relates to allowing for students in postsecondary education experience or transition program to receive awards from the tuition assistance program Companion Bill: New York A7236	This bill permits students enrolled in New York postsecondary education experience or transition program to receive awards from the state tuition assistance program. The New York State Commissioner of Education will create new rules to make this access happen. The bill uses the term "comprehensive training programs" to refer to CTPs, instead of "comprehensive transition programs", which creates some ambiguity.	Did not pass Referred to Higher Education Committee, Reported and Committed to Finance Committee: February 10, 2020
New York A8075: An Act to amend the education law, in relation to establishing a college experience program for students with developmental disabilities.	This bill requires the trustees of SUNY and CUNY to create regulations that will establish a two-year college experience program for students with developmental disabilities at each SUNY and CUNY postsecondary education institution. The college experience program must include academic components focused on practical living skills, including cooking, personal finance, health and wellness, internships, and interpersonal communications. The program must provide housing for students. State university trustees have control over admissions standards, including the level of academic proficiency needed to qualify as a student in such a program. Students may pay tuition through HCBS waivers and SSI.	Did not pass Referred to Committee on Higher Education: January 28, 2019



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North Carolina		
North Carolina HF 259: Community College Programs Expansion and Program Additions	This appropriations bill would increase the number of programs and funding allotted to community colleges for IPSE programs. This expansion would include opportunities for micro credentials or other credentials that lead to increased employment outcomes. This bill would also require all programs in the University of North	Anticipated to pass Pending as of August 2023; this bill had not officially passed, but was expected to Funding – Program
	Carolina system to submit an annual report on program impacts. Included in this appropriations bill is the addition of a certificate accomplishment program at UNC-Wilmington that will be a Comprehensive Transition Program.	Development General Fund: \$3.9 Million for community college programs; amount unidentified for UNCW
North Carolina SB 105: General Appropriations	This established the North Carolina Comprehensive Transition Postsecondary Scholarship Program. The new scholarship program covers cost of attendance for NC students with ID enrolled in current and future CTPs within the UNC system (all North Carolina public universities). Individual institutions may determine the individual size of scholarships to give students based upon need and whether they have received other scholarships that will help cover cost of attendance. Any remaining funds that institutions have not issued in scholarships will be carried over into the coming years to support future CTP students.	Passed Signed: November 18, 2021 Funding – Program Development and Student Special Provision: Insertion into North Carolina's 2022 State Budget
	Also establishes a two-year pilot program at two community college campuses for training programs that provide opportunities for a micro-credential or other credentials that lead to increased employment outcomes for individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities.	



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
North Carolina HB 1105: COVID/Supplementary G.R.E.A.T. Grant	This directed the University of North Carolina (UNC) Board of Governors to allocate funds to UNC institutions for up to 100 resident full-time students enrolled in CTPs. The funding begins with FY 2021-2022, with direction to allocate funds each year thereafter. This is the state match for in-state students, which until this bill passed were not included in the FTE calculation. If there are more than 100 resident full-time students enrolled at UNC system CTPs in any academic year, the UNC Board of Governors must	Passed Signed: September 4, 2020 Funding – Program Development Line Item: Insertion into North Carolina's 2020 COVID-19 response
North Carolina HB 351: Catherine's Law: An Act to appropriate funds for University of North Carolina enrollment funding for the purpose of addressing funding equity for approved comprehensive transition programs	allocate funds to each institution on a pro rata basis. This bill secures \$2 million to support courses for resident full-time students enrolled in CTPs in North Carolina. The bill, entitled "Catherine's Law", draws money from the North Carolina General Fund, and would support the three CTPs within the University of North Carolina system at UNC Greensboro, Western Carolina University, and Appalachian State University.	Did not pass Reported Favorably: April 2, 2019
	North Dakota	
North Dakota SB 2269: An act to create and enact a new section to the North Dakota Century Code, relating to a postsecondary transitional grant program	Establishes that school district payments (integrated formula payments) will be made to postsecondary transitional programs for students who are on IEPs. The state Superintendent of Public Instruction is responsible for reviewing and approving postsecondary transitional programs, and implementing this legislation by administering the payments. TPSIDs in North Dakota will be able to use these payments to cover program fees for students, making the programs more affordable.	Passed Signed: April 19, 2021 Funding – Expands Access Expands access for school district payments to help with program fees



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Ohio		
Ohio HB 49: FY 2018-2019 Operating Budget	Extends eligibility for the Ohio College Opportunity Grant (OCOG) to certain individuals with intellectual disabilities. These individuals must be enrolled in a comprehensive transition and postsecondary program (CTP) in order to qualify.	Passed Passed: June 29, 2017 Item Veto Receipt: February 2, 2018 Funding – Expands Access Opens student eligibility for an existing grant
Ohio SB 5: Address College Affordability	Increases the maximum income tax deduction allowed for contributions to a disability expense account or federally tax-advantaged college savings plan in Ohio. Specifically, this bill doubles the permitted maximum income tax deduction from \$2,000 to \$4,000 per year for each beneficiary. Also creates a Joint Committee on Ohio College Affordability to review and recommend strategies to lower the cost of attending college. Committee members will be bipartisan and appointed by both houses of the Ohio Legislature.	Did not pass Rereferred to Ways and Means Committee: September 12, 2017
	Oklahoma	
Oklahoma HB 2718: Promise Inclusive Act	The Promise Inclusive Act would provide an award to eligible students who are pursuing education in the state of Oklahoma at CTP programs. Eligible applicants must be a resident of the state, a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States, have a record satisfactory compliance, have graduated within six years, have completed the curricular requirements for admissions to the institution, have secured admission or is currently enrolled, and have established financial need. Continued eligibility requirements are also outlined in the bill.	Did Not Pass: Referred to Education Committee: March 30, 2023

Status & Funding



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Oklahoma SB 322: Tuition Aid Grants for Students with IDD	This Act would amend 70 O.S. 2021, Section 626.7, allowing opportunities for tuition aid grants to students with IDD enrolled in a postsecondary education program. Eligible students must be enrolled and in good standing at a CTP program. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education will determine rules and regulations for maximum number of semesters a student may be eligible for grants. The amount of the grant shall not exceed 75% of the tuition and enrollment fees normally charged to residents of the state by the institution of attendance. Annual maximum award determined by annual assessment of funds available.	Did not pass with IPSE portions May 24, 2023 Final passed version of the bill was revised and did not include legislation regarding IPSE
Oklahoma HR 1065: A Resolution Supporting the Development of Comprehensive Transition and Postsecondary Programs for Students with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities	Directs Oklahoma Institutions of Higher Education (IHE) to work with all government agencies that provide services to individuals with IDD to develop comprehensive transition and postsecondary education programs. Programs created from such partnerships must also include private sector businesses that can create practical learning opportunities for students. IHE transition programs must work with national disability groups to collect and analyze student outcome data.	Passed Signed: April 21, 2016



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Oregon		
Oregon SB 572: Relating to postsecondary education for individuals with disabilities	This legislation would require the Higher Education Coordinating Commission to work with Portland State University (PSU) and community colleges (CCs) to establish PSE programs for youth with IDD. Requirements of program are: establish and plan for individuals to learn and succeed in a CC; ensure students who complete the two year CC have the opportunity to continue enrollment in the Career and Community Studies program at PSU; include community partnerships; provide individual support for students; prepare for post-grad outcomes aligned with employment and independent living; implement universal design for learning practices; support equitable access to inclusive college through the use of peer mentors. Students enrolled should be between the ages of 16 to 26 years old with ID. Appropriations would be from the General Fund - \$600,000 for a two-year period to PSU and \$900,000 for CCs to establish programs.	Did not pass Referred to Ways & Means: April 4, 2023
	Rhode Island	
Rhode Island H5636: Higher Education Opportunities for Students with Disabilities Rhode Island S0490: Higher Education Opportunities for Students with Disabilities	This bill, introduced in the House and Senate, would have established the Higher Education Opportunities for Students with Disabilities act. The bill would provide inclusive educational opportunities for a student with a disability to improve academic achievement, employment, independent living skills, and independent learning. The bill outlines the programs guidelines and requirements for universities and college to follow and identifies student qualifications for attendance. Students with ID who are eligible for VR services may qualify for state foundation education aid and federal aid, subject to availability.	Did Not Pass Both bills recommended to hold for further study: April 20, 2023 and May 17, 2023



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South Carolina		
South Carolina H 5150: General	Similar to prior years, the state budget includes needs-based funds for	Passed
Appropriations Bill for Fiscal Year 2022-23	students with ID. This year the bill also includes scholarships for students	June 29, 2022
	with ID attending a CTP IPSE program (College Transition Program	
	Scholarships). In-state students may receive up to \$5,000/semester in	Funding – Student
	scholarship money, regardless of financial need. New for 2022, if there	Section 3- H660 Lottery
	are unexpected funds, The South Carolina Inclusive Post-Secondary	Expenditure Account:
	Education Consortium may receive up to \$250,000. Those funds may be	\$4,105,597
	used to promote better awareness of CTP programs statewide as an	
	option for youth with ID, through dedicated support for activities such	
	as, student recruitment, development and maintenance of a consortium	
	website and associated materials, and the provision of strategic	
	informational events for prospective students and families.	
South Carolina H 4100: General	The South Carolina state budget includes funds to provide needs-based	Passed
Appropriations Bill for Fiscal Year 2021-	financial aid to students with ID enrolled in one of South Carolina's CTPs.	June 30, 2021
2022	They are disbursed by the South Carolina Commission on Higher	
	Education. The state budget also allocates lottery scholarship funds to	Funding – Program
	support students with ID who have financial needs and are enrolled in a	Development and Student
	CTP. Each student may receive a scholarship, called the College	FY 2020-21 and 2021-22:
	Transition Program Scholarship, of up to \$5,000 per academic year.	\$750,000 to support needs-
	Prior to FY 2020-21: \$350,000 to support needs-based scholarships to	based scholarships for
	students. In addition, each of the state's CTPs (n=5) received \$30,000	students with ID.
	from the state legislature to support their development and \$50,000 to	
	support their first year of implementation (information provided by	
	program leaders).	



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
South Carolina HB 3214: A bill to amend the	Establishes terms for the South Carolina Promise Scholarship Program,	Did not pass
South Carolina Promise Scholarship Act	which would enable students from the general population (not just those	Expired - last referred to
	with disabilities) to receive a postsecondary education scholarship.	Senate Committee on
	Recipients must be enrolled for at least six credit hours and must have a	Education and Public Works
	high school or equivalent within two years of applying for the	in January 2019
	scholarship. They must also maintain a 2.0 GPA and may not have	
	already received a bachelor's degree. A South Carolina student with a	
	documented learning disability can apply for the scholarship (which is	
	open to the general student population) until one of the following	
	occurs: The student achieves a diploma, associate degree or certificate;	
	The student has attended his/her institution for three years (not	
	counting approved leaves of absence) A South Carolina Promise	
	Scholarship must cover the cost of tuition and include a stipend for	
	books. The General Assembly will set funding.	
	Tennessee	
Tennessee SB 516 & HB 586: An Act to	Two identical bills introduced in January 2019, these would prohibit	Did not pass
amend Tennessee Code Annotated, Title	postsecondary institutions from denying a student residential housing on	On March 25, 2019, received
49, Chapter 7, relative to higher education	campus or an affiliated location solely because the student has received	from Senate, held on the
for students with intellectual disabilities	a Tennessee STEP UP scholarship. STEP UP is a state scholarship that	House desk
	supports students with intellectual disabilities who finish high school and	
	enroll in a CTP at the University of Tennessee, the University of	
	Memphis, Vanderbilt University, Lipscomb University, or Union	
	University. They are companion bills and the language therein is	
	consequently identical; neither bill passed.	



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Tennessee HB 1983: Scholarships and Financial Aid – As enacted, revises various provisions governing Tennessee STEP UP scholarships. Texas HB 4490: Relating to educational benefits for a student attending a CTP	This act enables recipients of the STEP UP scholarship to apply its funds to enrollment in four-year PSE programs. STEP UP is a Tennessee state scholarship that supports students with ID who enroll in CTPs in TN. STEP UP scholarships may be up to \$1,750 as a freshman or sophomore; then up to \$2,250 as a junior or senior. Before this act, STEP UP could only be used to support enrollment in two-year programs. Texas This bill provides for individuals with ID attending a CTP program to receive waiver of tuition if the student is a veteran or other military personnel. The bill amends Section 54.001 Education to include the federal definition of a CTP program. It amends Sec 54.341 to include students who are admitted to, or attending, a CTP program in Texas' existing veterans tuition waiver. These amendments would include CTP programs, as well as the students attending these programs, in the tuition-setting guidelines and potential tuition exemptions.	Passed Signed: May 2, 2016 Funding – Expands Access Expands access for students with ID to use existing state scholarship Did Not Pass Referred to Higher Education Committee: March 21, 2023
Texas HB 5146 Building Better Futures Program for Students with IDD Originally introduced in 2021 as Texas SB 661	This bill would establish the Building Better Futures Program, that supports funding for CTP programs for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities. The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board would administer the Program and adopt rules and policies, potentially creating application process for eligible institutions to apply for funding, eligibility criteria for both colleges and students to participate would be established. The focus would be on in-state students as a priority, only admitting out-of-state students after all Texas applicants are admitted.	Did Not Pass Reported from Senate Committee with no recommendations: May 18, 2023 Referred to Committee: March 11, 2021



Legislation	Summary	Status & Funding
Texas SB 2217: An Act relating to the establishment of the Texas Students with Disabilities Scholarship Program for Certain Students at Public Institutions of Higher Education	This bill directs the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board to create the Texas Students with Disabilities Scholarship Program, which would provide assistance to students with disabilities at IHEs in Texas. Eligible students must be enrolled in an associate or baccalaureate degree or a certificate program, have applied for financial aid, be pursuing at least one-quarter of a full course load, and making satisfactory academic progress. The program will be developed in consultation with a Texas UCEDD and a statewide disability advocacy	Did not pass Referred to Senate Committee on Higher Education: March 21, 2019
Texas HB 1807: An Act relating to requiring the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board to maintain an inventory of PSE programs and services for persons with intellectual and developmental disabilities	Directs the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board to publicize information about PSE programs for students with IDD online and update it completely at least once every two years.	Passed Signed: June 17, 2015
	Vermont	
Vermont S231: An act relating to the creation of a tuition-free scholarship program for Vermont students.	Creates the Vermont Promise Scholarship Program to provide tuition-free scholarships for Vermont students who attend the University of Vermont or a Vermont State College, beginning in FY 2020. A student with "a documented learning disability" may apply, as can other students. A Promise Scholarship covers tuition costs for one academic year, with the option to re-apply at the end of each academic year. Recipients must be seeking a certificate, associate's degree or bachelor's degree and should be enrolled in at least 12 hours a semester with a 2.5 GPA or higher.	Did not pass Read 1 st time & referred to Committee on Education: January 3, 2018



Compiled by Think College National Coordinating Center

In addition to the legislation listed above, some states have proposed or enacted legislation that creates task forces and reports related to IPSE. This is far less common now than it was several years ago. For longevity purposes, relevant task forces and reports are listed below with links available for more information.

Task Forces

California AB 2434: Blue Ribbon Commission on Public Postsecondary Education - 2016, did not pass

Georgia HR 642: House Study Committee on Postsecondary Education and Employment for Individuals with IDD - 2015, enacted

Maryland HB 0813: Task Force to Study the Impact of Expanding Credit and Noncredit Courses for Students with IDD – 2013, enacted

Rhode Island SB 2476: An Act Relating to State Affairs and Government – Governor's Workforce Board – 2016, enacted

<u>Texas SB 1017: An Act Relating to the Creation of the Advisory Council on Postsecondary Education for Persons with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities – 2019, enacted</u>

Reports

Report of California's Statewide Task Force on Special Education - 2015

Massachusetts Task Force Report on Higher Education for Students with Intellectual Disability and Autism Spectrum Disorder - 2014

Report on the Recruitment of Persons with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities at Public Institutions of Higher Education in Texas – 2016